

MOCK CSR EXAM, FORM B

THEORETICAL GRAMMAR, WORD USAGE, AND CAPITALIZATION

The questions in this section are composed of four sentences that are identical except for the two words or word groups in each that are underlined.

Directions: *Select the sentence in which both the underlined words or word groups are used correctly.*

- 1A. Between you and I, he is not the one whom you ought to choose for this job.
- B. **Between you and me, he is not the one whom you ought to choose for this job.**
- C. Between you and I, he is not the one who you ought to choose for this job.
- D. Between you and me, he is not the one who you ought to choose for this job.
- 2A. Abe is one of the men who expects her and you to win.
- B. Abe is one of the men who expects you and her to win.
- C. **Abe is one of the men who expect you and her to win.**
- D. Abe is one of the men who expect her and you to win.
- 3A. **Both Tim and I demand that she arrive on time for the meeting of the board.**
- B. Both Tim and I demand that she arrives on time for the meeting of the board.
- C. Tim and I both demand that she arrive on time for the meeting of the board.
- D. Tim and I both demand that she arrives on time for the meeting of the board.
- 4A. Was he lying there in the hospital bed, or was he setting up when you saw him?
- B. **Was he lying there in the hospital bed, or was he sitting up when you saw him?**
- C. Was he laying there in the hospital bed, or was he setting up when you saw him?
- D. Was he laying there in the hospital bed, or was he sitting up when you saw him?

- 5A. I don't remember if anyone had their own cell phone.
 B. I don't remember whether anyone had their own cell phone.
C. I don't remember whether anyone had his own cell phone.
 D. I don't remember if anyone had his own cell phone.
- 6A. It is you who they think is to speak.
B. It is you who they think are to speak.
 C. It is you whom they think is to speak.
 D. It is you whom they think are to speak.
- 7A. As I said, I wonder about him wanting to retire.
 B. Like I said, I wonder about him wanting to retire.
 C. Like I said, I wonder about his wanting to retire.
D. As I said, I wonder about his wanting to retire.
- 8A. It was nowhere near enough and was very different than what we expected.
 B. It was nowhere near enough and was very different from what we expected.
 C. It was not nearly enough and was very different than what we expected.
D. It was not nearly enough and was very different from what we expected.
- 9A. **The number of selections is growing, and either the bosses or the foreman has to make the choice.**
 B. The number of selections are growing, and either the bosses or the foreman have to make the choice.
 C. The number of selections is growing, and either the bosses or the foreman have to make the choice.
 D. The number of selections are growing, and either the bosses or the foreman has to make the choice.
- 10A. Anyone of those people has a chance at this.
 B. Anyone of those people have a chance at this.
 C. Any one of those people have a chance at this.
D. Any one of those people has a chance at this.

- 11A. Every man and woman are to be given less actual choices.
B. Every man and woman is to be given fewer actual choices.
C. Every man and woman is to be given less actual choices.
D. Every man and woman are to be given fewer actual choices.
- 12A. Part of that notice in the magazines suggests that either it be sent to Jacobs or Ray.
B. Part of that notice in the magazines suggests that it be sent to either Jacobs or Ray.
C. Part of that notice in the magazines suggest that it be sent to either Jacobs or Ray.
D. Part of that notice in the magazines suggest that either it be sent to Jacobs or Ray.
- 13A. He wanted it finished quicker than me.
B. He wanted it finished more quickly than me.
C. He wanted it finished more quickly than I.
D. He wanted it finished quicker than I.
- 14A. **There are three of us on the lighting crew -- Howard, Jaime, and I -- that have gone there before.**
B. There are three of us on the lighting crew -- Howard, Jaime, and me -- that have gone there before.
C. There are three of us on the lighting crew -- Howard, Jaime, and I -- that have went there before.
D. There are three of us on the lighting crew -- Howard, Jaime, and me -- that have went there before.
- 15A. **He said most of the class have done well on the test.**
B. He said most of the class has done well on the test.
C. He said most of the class have done good on the test.
D. He said most of the class has done good on the test.
- 16A. I am to assume neither of them is leaving, aren't I?
B. I am to assume neither of them is leaving, am I not?
C. I am to assume neither of them are leaving, aren't I?
D. I am to assume neither of them are leaving, am I not?

- 17A. The reason for this problem is because it is being played too loud.
- B. The reason for this problem is that it is being played too loudly.**
- C. The reason for this problem is because it is being played too loudly.
- D. The reason for this problem is that it is being played too loud.
- 18A. **Jeff was thought to be he whom we were seeking; so we didn't look for any more possibilities.**
- B. Jeff was thought to be him whom we were seeking; so we didn't look for any more possibilities.
- C. Jeff was thought to be he whom we were seeking; so we didn't look for anymore possibilities.
- D. Jeff was thought to be him whom we were seeking; so we didn't look for anymore possibilities.
- 19A. If he would have sent it to me earlier, I could have been the one whom they called.
- B. If he had sent it to me earlier, I could have been the one who they called.
- C. If he would have sent it to me earlier, I could have been the one who they called.
- D. If he had sent it to me earlier, I could have been the one whom they called.**
- 20A. **I told them -- the doctor, the nurse, and her -- that she had lain there long enough for the cast to dry.**
- B. I told them -- the doctor, the nurse, and she -- that she had lain there long enough for the cast to dry.
- C. I told them -- the doctor, the nurse, and she -- that she had laid there long enough for the cast to dry.
- D. I told them -- the doctor, the nurse, and her -- that she had laid there long enough for the cast to dry.

PROOFREADING FOR PUNCTUATION, SPELLING, AND WORD USAGE

This section consists of four-line cases. Each line in each case is a separate test item.

Read each case and determine whether each individual line in the case contains a punctuation error, a spelling error, a word usage error, or no error.

Capitalization, grammar, and hyphenation are not tested in this section.

Directions: *Select the option that designates the type of error.*

- A. Punctuation error: Commas, periods, question marks, quotes, dashes, apostrophes, semicolons, or colons that are used incorrectly, omitted, or misplaced.
- B. Spelling error: A word that is misspelled and forms no valid word.
Example: *defendant* (correct) vs. *defendant* (incorrect).
- C. Word usage error: A word that is spelled correctly but used incorrectly.
Example: principle/principal, affect/effect, flair/flare, rest/wrest, sometime/some time (limited to similar-sounding words).
- D. No error: The line contains no errors.

21 C At the time the suspect was sited, the police
22 D were in the area. Based on the report, they
23 B began a foot persuit immediately in the
24 B predominately wooded area.

25 A When he asked, "How far is it," what was
26 A your response? Did you say to him "I don't
27 A live in the area, and I have no idea?" He
28 A was looking for his parent's house; right?

29 D His idiosyncrasies were not conducive to our
30 A maintaining a good relationship, thus we
31 B went our seperate ways. I later heard that
32 A he had sought therapy, and was doing well.

33 D I had gone to Dr. Haynes, who was located in
34 A Santa Monica, a specialist, Dr. Ray, that was
35 D recommended by Dr. Haynes; and a
36 A therapist, all three of whom helped me.

37 A He gave three excuses: no job, no insurance,
38 D no transportation -- for what was happening to
39 C him. He was trying to pedal his wares on the
40 B streets in the vicinity of our neighborhood.

41 D Did you say to me, "I saw him clearly, sir"?
42 B Would you please indentify here the plaintiff,
43 A whom you say you saw that night? If it
44 A please, Your Honor, the witness can just point.

45 C I went to the capitol to meet with the staff of
46 A the company, and while I was there, intended to talk
47 D with the president regarding the abominable lack
48 A of production, work related production, at the plant.

49 C It seemed not to phase her that she, after she
50 D was fired from the company, did not get support
51 C from her fiancée, Robb. Because he also worked
52 A for the company he was in an awkward position.

53 C To affect our plan, we saw a need to make companywide
54 D changes in the policies. That is what we wanted
55 A to accomplish with this new policy, that we create an
56 B organization that is more proffitable, more lucrative.

57 A The senator's failure to enact a law applicable
58 B to the problem as it exsists in this nation is
59 D inexcusable because there has been input from all
60 C factions about the necessity for it's passage.

61 A What did you mean yesterday when you used the word,
62 A absent? Did you mean that he was physically never
63 A there, or emotionally not there? Did he, in your
64 C opinion, aid you to surmount the hurtles?

65 A The bank sent a brief note, but not the complete
66 B explanation that was needed, in my view. I accidentally
67 D came across information that was supposed to be
68 C sent last week to the overseas sources.

69 C I am asking whether he is a Britain or a Canadian
70 A and when he came to own this land? I know that part
71 C of the acreage was seeded in the agreement the two
72 D signed with the Arnesses' attorney.

73 A Who did the electrical work for the company, was it
74 C Johnson? I know the wires were coated. Is he the only
75 A one that could decipher the system or was it well
76 D known to all? This is crucial, sir, to our case.

77 C He owned an old coop, which he had spent a lot of
78 B money to fix up and loved to drive. This occurrence
79 C devastated him. He regretted everyday that his
80 B carelessness caused this unbelievable accident.

VOCABULARY

Directions: Choose the word or phrase that is closest in meaning to the word in capital letters.

81. AEGIS A) comparison **B) protection** C) predicament D) nature
82. SEAR **A) scorch** B) foresee C) believe D) favor
83. MOLLIFY A) design B) destroy C) listen **D) soften**
84. IMMOLATE A) copy B) model **C) kill** D) settle
85. EXPEDITIOUS **A) efficient** B) useful C) angry D) abundant
86. INCLEMENT A) sad B) unprincipled C) secretive **D) severe**
87. CORONA **A) crown** B) beverage C) prediction D) event
88. SCION A) predicament B) development C) proprietor **D) heir**
89. LANGUOROUS A) voracious B) beneficial C) huge **D) lethargic**
90. SALUTARY A) orthopedic **B) beneficial** C) large D) greeting
91. PREDILECTION A) nomination **B) choice** C) winner D) warning
92. COMITY A) communion B) hilarity **C) friendship** D) comfort
93. CHALICE **A) cup** B) cloak C) chapel D) wine
94. INEFFABLE A) misread B) erratic **C) unspeakable** D) unknown
95. COGENT **A) convincing** B) likely C) sagacious D) needed
96. INVEIGH A) request **B) rail** C) abhor D) strain
97. FOMENT A) circulate B) decay **C) incite** D) burn
98. TRAVAIL A) tact **B) anguish** C) trip D) misstep
99. APLOMB **A) composure** B) fruit C) difficulty D) stiffness
100. STASIS A) fact B) foundation **C) equilibrium** D) gratitude